CORPORATION TAX UPHELD BY COURT

Provisions of Payne-Aldrich Act Declared Constitutional.

OPINION GIVEN BY JUSTICE DAY

It Is Held that Tax Is Imposed, Not on Ownership, but on "Doing of Corporate Business"-Decision Brings End to Long and Heated Controversy.

Washington, March 13 -- in a unanlmous opinion, the Supreme Court of the United States to-day held that the corporation tax provisions of the Payne-Aldrich tariff act were consti-tutional. This ended a controversy waged almost continuously since Pres-ident Taft first suggested their enactment to Congress.

opinion was announced by Justice Day, appointed to the Supreme Court bench from Ohio, in 1903. It was an elaborate treatment of the subject, containing approximately 10,000 words. About half an hour was spent by the justice orally explaining to the bar the position of the court, the printed opinion being used as a basis for

The justice first determined that the tax was just what it claimed to be in the act, merely an excise tax on the doing of corporate business, and not a direct tax on the ownership of prop-erty. With that point decided the justook up at more or less length the various objections urged against the tax as an excise tax and disposed of them to the satisfaction of the court. Finally he interpreted the law Fo as to apply to real estate com-panies, and the so-called public ser-

Finally he interpreted the law so to apply to real estate companies, and the so-called public service corporations, but not to "real estate trusts."

The opinion predicates that the tax "is imposed not upon the franchises of the corporation irrespective of their use in business, nor upon the property of the corporation but upon the doing of business and with respect to the carrying on thereof in a sum equivalent to 1 per contum of the entire net income over and above \$5,000 received from all sources during the year; that is, when imposed the inhere in the peculiarities of corporate or joint stock organization is may be described generally as a tax upon the doing of business in a corporate constitution of the character described. As the latter organizations share many benefits of corporate organization it may be described generally as a tax upon the doing of business in a corporate called public services.

SHOUTS CIBLO OF COLUED.

Tragedy Follows Refunction of Young Woman to Wed Man.

Rochester, N. Y., March 13.—Morris Melman, a New Yorker, is dying and Miss Sophia Laffer, N. Y., March 13.—Morris well and the young woman is not the young woman is the young woman shome late last night. Melman fired two shots into the girl's face and then two at himself. The bullets which they only the progressives to be fast growing into a fight for control of the Democratic party, between the elements hospital seriously injured as a result of a love tragedy by the progressives to be fast growing into a fight for life on Mr bailed by Byan and Bailey, is declared by the progressives to be fast growing into a fight for life on Mr bailed by the progressives to be fast growing into a fight for life on Mr bailed by the progressives to be fast growing into a fight for life on Mr bailed by Byan and Bailey is declared by the progressives to be fast growing into a fight for life on Mr bailed by Byan and learned by the progressives to be fast growing into a fight for life on Mr bailed by Byan and learned by the progressives to be fast grow described generally as a tax upon the doing of business in a corporate ca-

This view of the measure of the tax is strengthening when we note that as to organizations under the laws of foreign countries the amount of net income over and above \$5,000 in- ular raid in Chinatewn by immigration cludes that received from business officials last night resulted in the captransactions and capital invested in ture of six Chinese slave girls, said to the United States, the Territories, have been illegally imported and pur-Alaska and District of Columbia."

Not a Direct Tax. raised against the tax, Just'ce Day first await the action of the government. It took up the contention that it was a is believed that the girls were smugdirect tax and unconstitutional for the gled into this post within the last six same reasons that the famous income tax law was declared unconstitutional in 1895. He pointed out that the in-come tax was held to be direct because imposed upon property simply because of its ownership.

"In the present case," said Justice Day," the tax is not payable unless there is a carrying on of business in the designated capacity and this is made the occasion for the tax, measured by the standard prescribed.

Justice Day next took up the objection that the provisions in question levied a tax upon the exclusive right State to grant corporate franchises, in that it taxed franchises which are the creation of a State in its sovereign right and authority.

'We think," says the opinion, "it is the result of the cases heretofore decided in this court, that such business activities, though exercised because of State created franchises, are not beyoud the taxing power of the United

States. was intended that it should be within the power of individuals acting under State authority to thus impair and limit the exertion of authority which

may be essential to national existence." Justice Day next addressed himself to the objection that the fax was unequal and arbitrary. "The thing taxed," said he, "is not the mere dealing in merchandise, in which the actual transactions may be the same, whether conducted by individuals or corporations, but the tax is laid upon the privileges which exist in conducting business with the advantages which Inhere in the corporate capacity of those taxed, and which are not enjoyed by private firms or individuals. These advantages are obvious, and have led to the formation of such companies in nearly all branches of trade. The continuity of the business without interruption by death or dissolution, the transfer of property, interests by the disposition of shares stock, the advantages of business controlled and managed by corporate directors, the general absence of individual Hability, these and other things inhere in the advantages thus conducted, which do not exist when the same business is conducted by private individuals or partnerships. Measurement of the tax by the net income from all sources, according to the opinion, is not so unequal and arbitrary as to be outside of the au-

thority of the taxing power. to select the measure and objects of the taxation devolves, upon the Congress and not upon the courts, and such selections are valid unless constitutional limitations are over-

OPPOSES PARDON

Widow of His Victim Does Not Want Stripling Freed. Atlanta, Ga., March 13.—Edgar Strip-

Atlanta, Ga., March 13.—Edgar Stripling, who, while serving as chief of police at Danville, Va., under the name of Morris, was rearrested after fourteen years of freedom, on the charge of murder, will not get a pardon from the Georgia Pardon Board if the widow and relatives of the man he killed can bring sufficient influence to bear. This statement was made to-day by Mrs. G. M. Nelson, of Harris county, formerly Mrs. William J. Cornett, widow of Stripling's victim. Speaking of those who are seeking Stripling's pardon, Mrs. Nelson says: "They seem to forget that there is a widow, children, aged father and mother and sisters (for he was the only boy in the family), to whom the loved one whom Stripling's shot killed can never return."

Other petitions and letters against the region of the service of the serv

Shot killed can never return."

Other petitions and letters against the pardon also are being received by the Governor, some coming from Danville, Va. On the other hand, however, hundreds of letters and messages are being received arging the pardon of the prisoner on the ground that during his freedom he led an exemplary life and pricener on the ground that during his freedom he led an exemplary life and reared a large family, who will suffer by his incarceration. The Prison Commission will hold its next meeting early in April, when it is probable that Stripling's case will be taken up.

SHOT BY OLD ENEMY

New York, March 13.—Sing Dock, a Chinese laundryman, who has been wearing a silver plate in his skull to cover a bullet wound received in a Chinatown fight two years ago, will die within the next twenty-four hours, the doctors say, as the result of a shot to the Sing Dock Greeted With a Bullet When the doctors say, as the result of a shot in the abdomen fired late last night by Yee Toy, a doortender at the Hith Sing joss house in the Bowery. This is the first shooting affair in Chinatown since the peace pact was signed by the rival tongs some time ago.

go. Both Dock and Toy are members of Both Dock and Toy are members of the same tong, but nevertheless have been bitter personal enemies for years. Toy came from Pittsburg two weeks ago. He sent a note to Dock, inviting the latter over to the joss house for an appointment Sunday night. When Dock appeared to keep the engagement he was greeted with a bullet from a .44-calibre revolver.

Toy fled after the shooting with the revolver still in his hand, staving off a dozen spectators who tried to stop him.

SHOOTS GIRL AND SELF

SLAVE GIRLS RESCUED

San Francisco, March 13 .- A spectac. chased for the sum of \$25,000. girls were removed to the Angel Island Answering the various objections immigration station and will be held to months, and that they will be deported. Before the hiding place of the girls was discovered the officers chopped through seven blind doors. The door of a secret chamber wherein the girls

PLANS GO AWRY

were huddled was an ingeniously con-

trived panel containing a portrait of

the Chinese Emperor.

Murphy Fails to Reach Albany and Conference Is Postponed.

Albany, N. Y., March 13.—Plans for a conference on the senatorial situation to-night between Governor Dix, Mayor Gaynor, of New York, and Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, were upset by the failure of Mr. Murphy to reach Albany this afternoon, as he had planned, and as a result the three will not meet until tomorrow.

The conference was arranged by Governor Dix in accordance with the

The conference was arranged by Governor Dix in accordance with the efforts he has made to end the long deadlock in the senatorial situation. It is believed here that the recent letter of Mayor Gaynor volunteering his assistance in breaking the deadlock was one of the causes that led the Governor to act. Governor to act.
Governor Dix said to-night that he had no particular candidate in mind to suggest to the conferees. So far as he knew, the Governor said, the Mayor had no intention of advocating any particular condidate at the

any particular candidate at this time CHARRED BODIES FOUND

Three Men Lose Their Lives in a Burn-

lng Cottage. Rayenna, Ohio, March 13.—Three men last night of a cottage at Sandy Lake, a summer resort, four miles southwest of this city. They are George F of this city. They are George F. Doughitt, of Ravenna, a lawyer, owner of the cottage; William Vargo, also of this city, a carpenter, and Harry Clark, a laborer, of Breakneck Creek, Ohio. The three men had been making repairs Saturday and Sunday at the cottage. Their charred bodies were found in the fire ruins. It is thought they were asleep when the fire broke out, and were enveloped in flames, without a chance of seeking safety.

GRAND JURY AT WORK

to same business is conducted by orivate individuals or partnerships. Measurement of the tax by the net measure and sources, according to the opinion, is not so unequal and arbitrary as to be outside of the authority of the taxing power.

Devolves Upon Congress.

"We must not forget that the right to select the measure and objects of the taxation devolves, upon the Congress and not upon the courts, and such selections are valid unless constitutional limitations are overstepped."

The court was able to find no such (Continued on Third Page.)

It is Probing Affairs of Failed Carnegle Trust Company. New York, March 13.—The grand jury began to-day an investigation into the affairs of the Carnegie Trust Company, which was closed on February 1. Three witnesses were examined. The investigation, it is said may result in the indictment of two and possibly three persons on charges of forgery.

Joseph G. Robin, the indicted president of the Washington Savings Bank, who is said to have furnished District Attorney Whitman with information concerning the Carnegie Trust Company, which was closed on February 1. Three witnesses were examined. The investigation, it is said may result in the indictment of two and possibly three persons on charges of forgery.

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TO EXTEND HIS AID

He May Lead Fight of Progressives for

OF THEIR ATTACK

Nebraskan Now Has Chance to Even Up Old Scores With Texan, Who Has Bitterly Opposed Him in His Races for the Presidency.

Washington, March 13 .- William lennings Bryan arrived to-day from Princeton, N. J., where he yesterday visited Governor Woodrow Wilson. He spent several hours at the Capitol shaking hands with Democratic leaders engaged in organizing the new House of Representatives.

Meeting Mrs. Champ Clark, wife of the Speaker-to-be, Mr. Bryan extended to her his congratulations on her husband's political triumph. Mr. Bryan left for the West early in the afternoon.

Although Mr. Bryan stated most em-phatically that he had not come to phutically that he had not come to Washington for the purpose of interfering in any way with the plans of Congress or to oppose Tammany's work in making Representative Fitzgerald, of New York, chairman of the House Committee or Appropriations, he held a number of conferences with the leaders among the "progressive" Democrats. Democrats.

Will Develop Plans.
His visit will develop, it is expected, the full plans for maintaining the progressives in control of the legisla-tive program, and for counteracting the influence of the "Bailey Demo-erats," as they are now generally call-

vention, though there were intimations that he could have been chairman of the resolutions committee if he had cared to come into camp and be good He has been uninterruptedly hostile President and Knox Agree on

Bitter Opposition.

The Bailey conservatives and Tammany influences are looked upon as the obstacles to complete control by the progressives. Bailey's leadership opposed with hardly more earnestness than the candidacy of John Fitzgerald, Tammanyite, for chairman of the Appropriations Committee.

Beyond this lies the House commit-

tee's composition. The same forces which oppose Bailey and Fitzgerald, object to Mr. Adamson, of Georgia, for chairman of Interstate Commerce. They say he is not in sympathy with Democratic must consider.

It is known that Mr. Bryan's aid has

Brynn on Newspapers. Philadelphia, Pa., March 13.—William patches from General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army, stating that of the New York Evening Post, dis-cussed "The Influence of the Modern practically complete. Newspaper" here to-night at a meeting

of the Contemporary Club.

Mr. Bryan declared that the modern newspaper has lost much prestige and influence. Among the causes for this loss of influence, he said, was the devotion of too much space to crime and

present movement of troops is being described in some newspapers. Such an international controversy.

Editorials which do not express the opinion of the writers, but are ordered by the business offices of the papers. are another great evil, declared Mr Bryan, who said: "The greatest men perished in the destruction by fire late tion of the editorial and news columns by interests that are practicing grand larceny on the people. Many of our great newspapers are owned by inter-ests which have their hands in the pockets of the people, and use the pa-pers to chloroform the readers." Mr. Bryan advocated the passage of

law which would compel newspapers to publish not only the names of their nominal owners, but also the holders of mortgages upon the properties. Mr. Ogden, who had opened the discussion, said, when Mr. Bryan had con-cluded: "Mr. Bryan has spoken some great truths, but if it can be said that the people have the priests and politicians that they deserve,' they all have the newspapers they deserve."

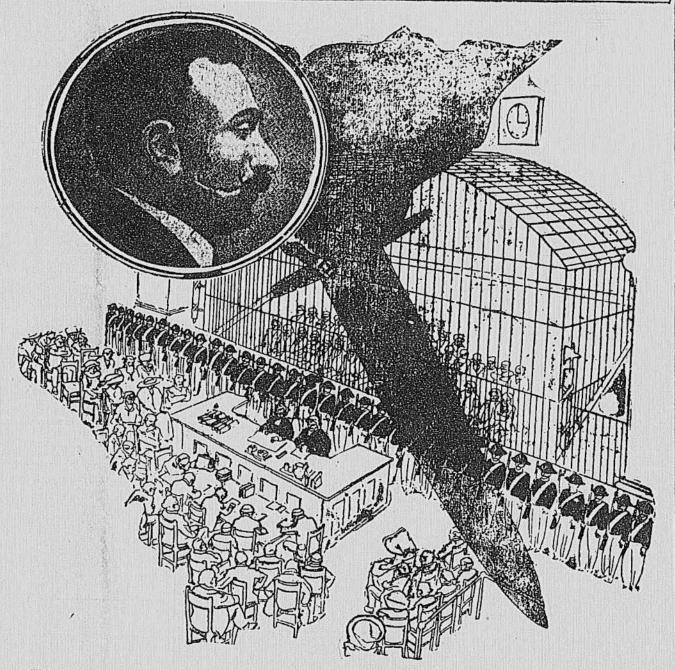
DIES OF POISONING

Mystery Surrounds Death of Mrs. M. C. Pittman.

Pensacola, Fla., March 13.—Mrs. M. C. Pittman, wife of Professor Pittman, principal of Bagdad School, died from strychnine poisoning here last night. Her husband was saved from the same fate by the use of a stomach pump, Mystery surrounds the poisoning. The authorities are investigating. Mystery Surrounds Death of Mrs. M. C.

Brown's Bronchial Troches clear the voice. Shaw and W. B. York publishers.

CAMORRIST CHIEFS ON TRIAL



This picture gives an idea of the trial now in progress at Viterbo, by which the Italian government hopes, in one full sweep, to wipe out the dreaded Black Hand Society known as the Camorra. The portrait is that of Emirico Alfano, leader of the forty Camorrists on trial.

Handling of Mexican Situation.

Augusta, Ga., March 13 .- Huntington Wilson, Acting Secretary of State slipped unexpectedly into Augusta today and had an hour's conference with President Taft. He brought a heavy portfolio of official papers with him. Mr. Wilson returned to Washington to night. On his way to Augusta Mr Wilson stopped over at Alken, S. C., where Mrs. Wilson, who accompanied policies on questions this committee week or two. It was later stated offi cially that the acting secretary's trit to the South at this time was due enbeen sought, and he is understood to tirely to his wish to accompany Mrs be willing to extend it. P. H. McG. Wilson to Alken.

Coincident with the arrival of Mr Wilson, President Taft received dis-

Patrol by "Hikes."

The patrolling of the Mexican border, joil It is said, undoubtedly will be accom-lished largely through a series of prac-tice marches, or "hikes," as they are known to the army. This will enable the War Department to carry out its for the defense admitted on cross-exprogram of useful training to the offi-amination that Mrs. Melber always apdomestic infelicity. Because the pubscription, he said, was no reason that it should be used. A journalist should not sell things that are not good for not sell things that are not good for the number of troops now in Texas, the number of troops now in Texas. the discussion of public questions from now on the ground for patrol work a sensational standpoint. For example, or for any immediate emergency that now on the ground for patrol work

Acting Secretary Wilson's visit to discussion is apt, he said, to engender the President offered an opportunity for a situation which might easily cause an official denial of a report recently sent out from Washington that there had been friction between President Taft and the State Department oncials, including Secretary Knox, regarding the handling of the Mexican situation. President Taft was delighted beyond measure to-day when informed of the decision of the United States Supreme Court upholding the validity of the corporation tax law. Mr. Taft's insist ence put this law on the statute books All during the long tariff fight over the Payne-Aldrich bills the President insisted that such a tax would be held. been friction between President insisted that such a tax would be held to be constitutional, despite the fact that many Senators and others who opposed it expressed the belief that it

original passage in which they were not act on either one of the cases of the two convicted bankers, Charles W. Morse, of New York, and John R. Walsh, of Chicago. The President has not looked at the papers. To act upon thom as he usually acts upon pardon cases would require several days of office or library work. The President cases would require several days of office or library work. The President has not office or library work. The President has not office or library work. The President form of the day and the manner of the cases would require several days of the papers.

More Democratic Victories.

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Portland, Me, March 13.—Democratic success in Maine was continued at the opening of the Cotton Exchange this passage in which they were shipped remained unbroken.

March 10.—Calmed to have been unlawfully adult trated used as a preservative, and for use in the manner of the fellow of the papers.

More Democratic Victories.

Portland, Me, March 13.—Democratic success in Maine was continued at the opening of the Cotton Exchange this four of the dwe clies which two victed—Bangor, Augusta, Belfast and Biddeford, Republicans won in Brewer.

Suspension Announced.

New Orleans, La. March 13.—At the opening of the Cotton Exchange this provided—Bangor, Augusta, Belfast and Biddeford, Republicans won in Brewer.

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New Orleans, La. March 13.—At the opening of the Cotton Exchange this provided prematurely and the majorative were killed to-day as Taragosa, on the Junta to-night, six Federal soldiers were killed to-day as Taragosa, on the Junta to-night, six Federal soldiers were killed to-day as Taragosa, on the Junta to-night, six Federal soldiers and to-night, six Federal soldiers were killed to-day as Taragosa, on the Junta to-night, six Federal soldiers and to-night, six Federal soldiers of El Paso, on militia officers can be accommon deaded at the instru

NO VIOLATION OF LAW

ourt Upholds Method of Employing Telegraph Operators. Washington, D. C., March 13.—Railtors for six hours and then, after an interval, for three more, comply with the Federal "hours of service law" of Positive Statement Comes From Augusta, Where Taft Is on Vacation.

| 1907. Such was the decision to-day of the Supreme Court of the United States, despite the claim of the government that the nine hours must be consecutive. The question of the meaning of the faw arose in a proceeding begun by

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JURORS MOVED TO TEARS

Attorney Tells Squalid Life Story of
Mrs. Melber.

Albany, N. Y., March 13.—Mrs. Edith
Melber, on trial for her life for the
murder of her four-year-old boy, sat
for an hour in court to-day scarcely
moving a muscle, while her attorney,
in his opening statement, told the jury
why he thought she should be sent to
an insane asylum for the rest of her
days rather than to the electric chair.
Several jurymen were moved to tears
while the lawyer narrated the squalid
story of her life since childhood; the
ravages of consumption which were
apparent in her and would carry her
off, as it did her mother and husband,
and described the helplessness and irresponsibility of the defendant when
she forced carbolic acid down the
threat of her child, leaving the body
in a dreary marsh. Several winesses
for the defense admitted on creases

DUTIES ARE SHIFTED

Fisher Takes Up Office and Ballinger Steps Out.

Washington, D. C., March 13.—The responsibilities of the secretaryship of the Department of the Interior were shifted shortly before 10 o'clock today, when Walter L. Fisher, of Chicago, took the oath of office as head of that department, succeeding Judge Richard A. Ballinger, who retired,

The oath was administered in the

ACTION IS APPROVED

Government Dld Right in Confiscating

inghest tribunal in the land.

The bitterness with which the tax was fought was reflected in the state ment of a Chicago banker, now stopping in Augusta, that his institution alone put up \$10,000 to test the validity of the law.

It now seems practically assured that President Taft, while in Augusta, will not act on either one of the cases of the two convicted bankers, Charles W. Morse, of New York, and John R, Walsh, of Chicago. The President has not looked at the papers. To act upon thom as he usually acts upon pardon cases would require several days of office of library work. The President same to Augusta for rest, and is anxious to spend as much of the cases.

More Demografic Vitaling Ancient Eggs.

Washington, D. C., March 12.—Some wissouri eggs of the vintage of 400 to carlier the Supreme Court of the United States to-day declared were properly pursued and confiscated by the Federal government as adulterated under the pure food or drugs act, after such articles had passed through an interstate journey, provided that the original passage in which they were satisfyed and confiscated by the Federal government as adulterated under the pure food or drugs act, after such articles had passed through an interstate journey, provided that the original passage in which they were satisfyed and confiscated by the Federal government as adulterated under the pure food or drugs act, after single per mained unbroken.

The question arose over the confiscation of fifty cans of whole eggs of the vintage of 400 to carlier the Supreme Court of the United States to-day declared were properly pursued and confiscated by the Federal government as adulterated under the pure food or drugs act, after such articles had passage in which they were interstate journey, provided that the original passage in which they were interstated such articles had passed through an interstate journey. The president has not interstate journey, provided was a interstate journey, court of the United States to-day declared were properly pursued and confis

Makes Spectacular March, Unopposed, Through Northern Mexico.

BRIDGES

Americans Swell Forces of Insurrectos Despite Threats of Diaz.

El Paso, Tex., March 13.-Captain Oscar G. Creighton, a Harvard graduate, with a band of insurrectos, many of whom are also Americans, to-night camped fifteen miles south of Juarez. No fear is felt that the insurrectos are planning an attack on Juarez, where ment and associated in the flotation of the National Railways of Mexico, to business continues as usual. The presence of the revolutionists is looked on as an effort to induce General Navarro's 2,000 men to take the field.

Creighton reached the vicinity of Juarez after a march from the south of about 100 miles along the Mexican National Railroad, leaving in his wake a trail of burning bridges. His arrival near the border was spectacular; for, after releasing twenty-five Americans who had gone into Mexico te investigate a mine at Chihuahua, 100 miles south, and who had sought his protection, he wai'ed until dark to announce his presence by a terrific explosion, which wrecked a bridge at Mesa, ten miles south of Juarez. The destruction of the bridge tied up

the railroad, which, for a time, had been open as far as Candelaria. It also put an end to the hope of sending re-lief by train to Chlhuahua. D. B. Smith, W. T. Swoyer and Marshall Cassidy, who led the mining party, reached El Paso to-night and told the story of their trip. Creighton came from New York City, they said.

Americans Enlisting. Citizens of the United States are rapidly becoming leaders of small bands of insurrectors, according to re ports from the interior. Where they are not experienced enough to take commands, they are grouped under command of their own countrymen.

Scores of Americans are applying for enlistment at the insurrecto junta, de-

EDGE OF FEAR IS BLUNTED BY CAPITAL NEWS

Mexican Statesmen Reassured by Messages From Washington.

TAFT AND DIAZ IN FULL ACCORD

Department Gives Its Word That War Vessels Will Call at Mexican Ports Only for Coal. Dickinson and Wood Say Troops Will Not Cross Border.

New York, March 13 .- The Mexican ambassador here and the Mexican Minister of Finance received assurances from Washington to-night which convinced them that there is sincere co-operation between the administration of President Taft and that of President Diaz. It is not professed that all tension has been slackened. and, while American troops remain in force on the Mexican border, it is admitted that some tension will con-tinue, but the edge of apprehension was appreciably blunted to-night by

was appreciably blunted to-night by two capital pieces of news.

First in importance was a long telegram to Ambassador De La Barra from the State Department at Washington announcing that the United States warships assigned to patrol duty on the Pacific and Gulf coasts of Mexico had been ordered to call at Mexican ports only for coal and then to with ports only for coal and then to with-draw promptly.

Very Much Gratified.

This action is deeply reassuring to

Smor Limantour. In a recent inter-view, he said that he could only consider the presence of American men-of-war in Mexican waters, so far distant from their base at Galveston, as part of an unnecessary effort to impart of an unnecessary effort to impress on Mexico the power of the United States. His personal protest was promptly followed by official representations, and to-night he expressed himself as "very much gratified that the request of his government is a supersonal to the supersonal transfer of the supersonal transfer ment had been so promptly granted."
Ambassador De La Barra added that
the action "was highly satisfactory to
his government, and that perfect understanding exists between the two governments regarding the matter.' The second development was the publication here to-day of an authorized interview with Jacob M. Dickinson, the Secretary of War, in which he denied that his government contemplated intervention or that orders had been issued to mobilize a second

army corps on the frontier Galveston, had grown during the day, but General Leonard Wood, in Washington, added his denials to those of Secretary Dickinson.

Of all the important financial visitors to Senor Limantour not one has yet had a single word to say. Weight is therefore, to be attached to a statement issued to-night from the offices of Ladenburg, Thalman & Co., fiscal agents here for the Mexican governtheir foreign correspondents. "After a most careful investigation."

runs the statement in part, "we can say on best authority that the Mexican government feels absolutely safe to handle the internal disturbances and that steps are being taken not only to dispose of this situation, but that intention exists to carry through certain administrative reforms which should mean much for restoring politically, satisfactory conditions in the interior." Positive Denial.

Senor Limantour made a positive denial to-day of the reports that he had been conferring with the Maderos and their associates here with the view of bringing about a cessation of hostili-

"There can to no negotiations with insurrectionists or consideration their alleged grievances except that they first lay down their arms," added. "Therefore, I can only emphatically deny that there have been such negotiations in New York in behalf of my government in which I or any other representative has taken part. have previously stated, also, if the insurrectionists were to surrender absolutely, my government would then undertake to study the broad questions involved in the alleged grievances of the insurrectionists."

ANXIOUS FOR CAMP DUTY

War Department's Invitation Aiready

Scores of Americans are applying for enlistment at the insurrecto junta, despite the threat of the Diaz government to punish with death any one participating even in a slight degree with the revolutionary movement. What disposition is made of the applicants is not given out by the junta, but it is known that the men do not remain long in El Paso.

Much fear is expressed as to the fate of fifteen Americans who were taken prisoner by the Federal troops at Casas Grandes, a week ago. It is the opinion of some that the men were shot.

The story of Creighton's campaign through the heart of Northern Mexico without opposition by Federal troops caused much comment in El Paso. It was said that throughout his entire march, not a shot was fired at him.

According to reports received by the Junta to-night viv Faleral coldiers.

War Department's Invitation Aiready According to the present plan, about According to the present plan, about According to the present plan, about